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THOMPSON'S PIGMY SHREW, MICROSOREX THOMPSONI WINNEMANA, IN TENNESSEE

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INTRODUCTION

Microsorex hoyi winnemana (= M. thompsoni winnemana) was reported near the North Carolina-Tennessee boundary at Newfound Gap, Great Smoky Mountains National Park, Swain Co., North Carolina, by Hoffmeister (1968). Hamilton (1943), Wharton (1968), and others also reported this species in proximity to Tennessee. Although M. hoyi has been reported as occurring in Tennessee during the Pleistocene (Guilday et al., 1969), until this time no recent records of M. t. winnemana are available documenting the occurrence of this species in the state.

EVIDENCE

On 14 and 20 June, single female specimens of Thompson's pigmy shrew were taken from pit traps 0.5 mi. (0.8 km) W Whigg Meadow (approximately 16 mi. SE Tellico Plains), Monroe Co., Tennessee. This locality in the Southern Appalachians (Cherokee National Forest) is approximately 1325 m in elevation. Specimens averaged 77.5 mm in total length, 27.5 mm in length of tail, and 9.0 mm in hind foot length. Pit traps were approximately 10 m apart and located adjacent to fallen

trees and tree stumps in a forest clearing associated largely with beech, maple, buckeye, and hawthorn. Sorex cinereus and Clethrionomys gapperi were taken in the same pit trap with one M. thompsoni. A detailed discussion concerning the systematics and life history of this species is given in Long (1974).

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